

PROFESSIONAL MICROSCOPE

Model: MRJ-01 - Monocular MRJ-03 - Binocular MRJ-03D - Dual View MRJ-03T - Trinocular

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1. Before use

1-1. Operation

(1) As the microscope is a precision instrument, always use it with care. Avoid dropping or shaking during

operation. Make sure the microscope is placed on a flat surface.

(2) Do not put the microscope in direct contact with the sun. Do not expose the microscope to high temperature,

damp, or dusty environment.

(3) When moving the microscope, you should use both hands, typically one hand under the base and one hand on

the arm (stand) of the microscope and set it down carefully.

★It will damage the microscope if you hold the microscope either by the stage, focusing knob or head.

(4) Make sure the microscope is unplugged before replacing the bulb or fuse and wait until the bulb has cooled down.

★Lamp selected only: 6V/20W Halogen Bulb

(5) This microscope has a built in dual voltage transformer and can be used with wide voltage range from 90 to

240V.

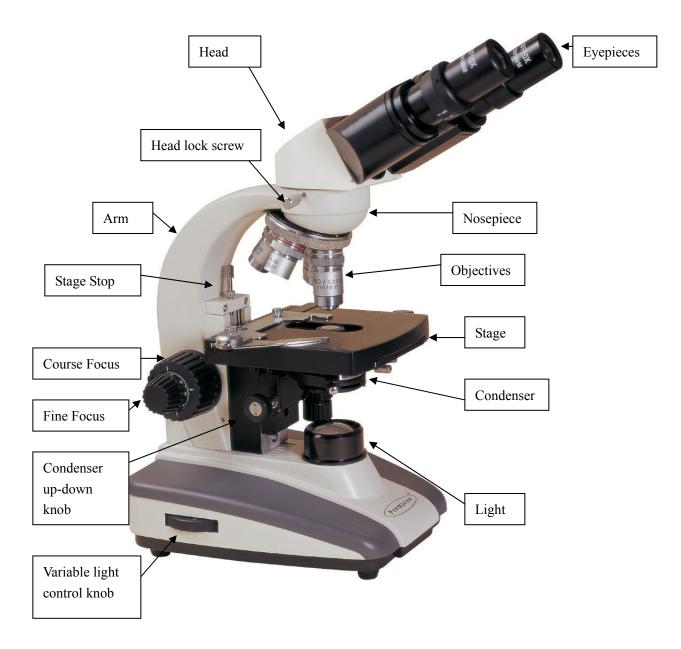
(6) Use only electrical plug supplied with the microscope.

1-2 Maintenance

- (1) Wipe the lens gently with a soft lens tissue. After every use with oil or fingerprints clean the lens surfaces with lens paper or lens paper moistened with a little rubbing alcohol. If you do not have lens paper make sure to use a lint free towel or cloth.
- ★ Alcohol is flammable. Do not place this chemical near fire or fire causing source. You should use this chemical in a ventilated place.
- (2) Don't use organic solution to wipe the surfaces of the other components.
- (3) If the microscope comes in contact with a liquid, then you should turn off the power immediately and wipe it dry.
- (4) Never disassemble or service the microscope yourself.
- (5) After using, cover the microscope with a dust cover.

2. Diagram

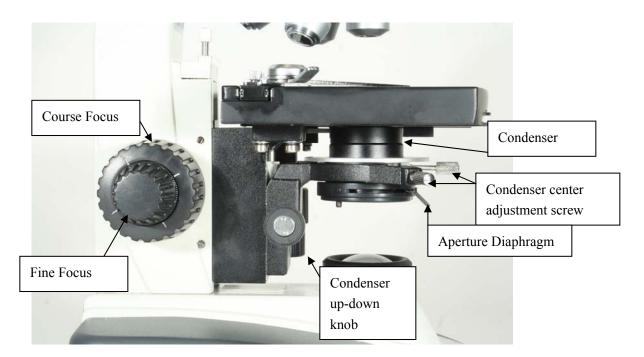
MRJ Intermediate Biological Microscope Diagram

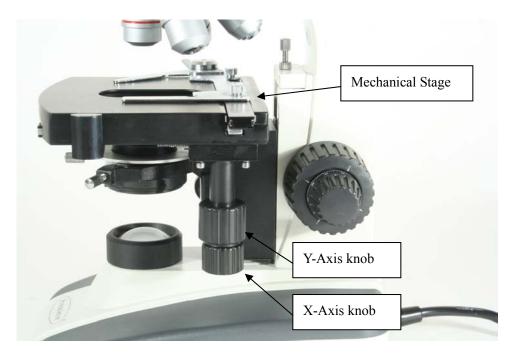


2. Diagram

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MRJ Biological Microscope Diagram





3. Assembly

3-1 Install the Objectives

These have been factory installed.

3-2 Insert the Eyepieces

- (1) Remove the eyepiece tube covers.
- (2) Insert the eyepiece into the tube completely.

4. Operation

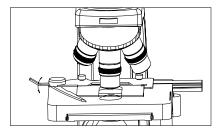
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4-1 Turn on

- (1) Insert the plug into an outlet and turn on.
- (2) Adjust the light adjustment knob until you get the suitable brightness. (See fig.1)

Fig.1



4-2 Set the specimen slide

- (1) Push the arm of the specimen holder back.
- (2) Insert the slide with the cover glass facing up and allow the arm of the specimen holder forward. (See fig.2)
- (3) Rotate the X and Y-axis knobs on the mechanical stage to move the specimen to the center (the center of the objective).

4.**Operation**





Eye distance indicate board





Fig.5

4-3 Adjust focus

(1) Move the objective 4X into the light path.

(2) Rotate the coarse-focusing-knob until the image appears in focus.

MRJ

(3) Turn the fine-focusing-knob to make the specimen clearer. (See fig.3)

When using the 4X and 10X objective, open the aperture diaphragm and field diaphragm to the widest position.

4-4 Adjust the interpupillary distance

When observing with both eyes hold the bases of the base of the eyepieces and rotate them around the axis until there is only one field of view. (See fig.4). On the left and right eyepiece base should point to the same number. The number is the interpupillary distance.

4-5 Adjust diopters

Rotate one eyepiece to the "0" position using the white thread. This should be done to your dominate eye, then using that same (one side only) eyepiece focus on an specimen clearly. Now observe the other eyepiece and rotate its diopter adjusting ring until the image is clear in that eyepiece. (See fig.5)

4. Operation





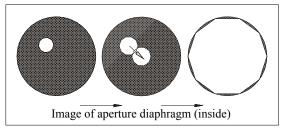
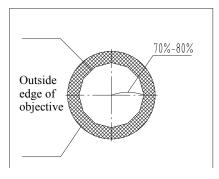


Fig 7







4-6 Center the condenser

(1) Rotate the condenser up-down knob ① to raise it to the highest position. (See fig.6)

(2) Rotate the 4X objective into the light path.

(3) Rotate the Aperture Diaphragm ② in a counterclockwise direction and move to the smallest setting. and you will see the image of field diaphragm from the eyepieces.

- (4) You want to see the circle of light closest to the center. If it is centered go to section 4-7, if not go to the next step.
- (5) Adjust the center adjustment screw ③ and put the light to the center of the field of view [Make sure the aperture diaphragm is smaller than the field of view of the eyepiece (See fig.7). When the shadow around the field of view of the eyepiece is symmetrical, it shows the condenser has been centered correctly. (See fig.7)
- (6) Now, you can enlarge the aperture diaphragm (2) and remove the shadow.

4-7 Adjust aperture diaphragm $\, 2 \,$

The aperture diaphragm decides the numerical aperture of the illumination. If the N.A. of illumination is matching with N.A. of the objective (2), you can obtain better resolution and the contrast.

If the contrast is low, you can adjust the N.A. of the condenser to 70%-80% of the N.A. of the objective when using. Adjust the upper diaphragm ring until you see the image like above (See fig.8). Use of diaphragm and put the N.A. of condenser 2 to 80% of the objective. e.g.: objective 40X (N.A. =0.65), put the aperture diaphragm to about 0.65X0.8=0.52. (See fig.9)

4. Operation

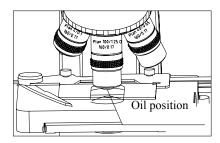






Fig.11







Fig.13

4-8 Use the oil objective

- (1) Use the objective 40X to focus the specimen.
- (2) Put a drop of oil on the specimen. (See fig.10)
- (3) Rotate the nosepiece to place the 100X objective (oil) into the light path. Then use the fine focusing knob to focus.

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★Make sure there is no air bubble in the oil.

- **A.** Take out the eyepieces to examine the air bubble. Open the aperture diaphragm and field diaphragm fully and observe the edge of the objective from the tube without the eyepiece.
- **B.** You can rotate nosepiece slightly and swing the oil objective some times to remove the air bubble.
- (4) After using oil, clean the 100X lens with clean lens paper using rubbing alcohol if the oil does not come off easily.

4-9 Use the filter

Filter can make the background softer. (fig.11) There is a filters: blue.

(You also place the Polarizer in this position when using the optional simple polarizing set)

4-10 Replace the halogen bulb

- (1) Turn off the power supply before replacing the bulb.
- (2) Loosen the screw of the lamp holder base, and open the door to the lamp holder.
- (3) Wait until the bulb cools down, and then insert the new bulb into the bulb holder on the lamp base.
- (4) Close the door of the lamp holder and retighten the screw (See fig.12)

4-11 Replace the fuse

Turn off the power supply before replacing the fuse. On the bottom screw off the fuse holder from the base with a "flat head" screwdriver. Remove the damaged fuse and install the new fuse. Finally screw the fuse base back to the base. (See fig.13)

Replacement Fuse - Rating: 250V, 3.15A.

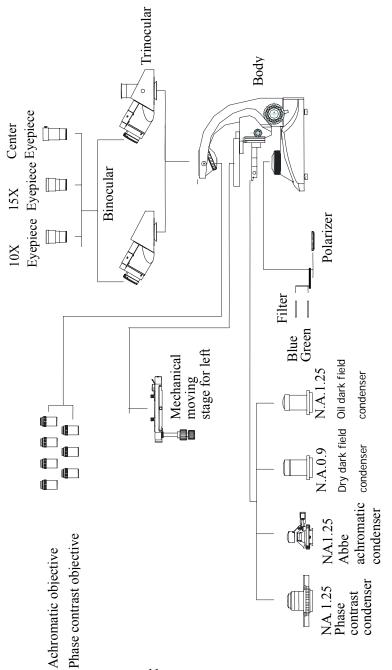
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5.General specification

MRJ Biological Microscope general specifications (For optional upgrade please	
call your authorized dealer)	

	Install	Model			
Parts	Specifications	MRJ-01	MRJ-03	MRJ-03T	MRJ-03D
Eyepiece	10X/18mm eyepiece	1 pcs	•	•	2 pair
	PL16X plan eyepiece				
(pair)	Center eyepiece				
	Achromatic objective 4X	•	•	•	•
	Achromatic objective 10X	•	•	•	•
	Achromatic objective 40X	•	•	•	•
Ohiastina	Achromatic objective 100X	•	•	•	•
Objective	Plan achromatic objective 4X				
	Plan achromatic objective 10X				
	Plan achromatic objective 40X				
	Plan achromatic objective 100X				
	45" Monocular Head	•			
Haad	30° Binocular head		•		
Head	30° Trinocular head			•	
	30° Dual Binocular head				•
Nosepiece	Reversed quadruple nosepiece	•	•	•	•
Stand	С	•	•	•	•
Stage	140 x 135mm mechanical stage	•	•	•	•
	N.A.1.25 abbe condenser	•	•	•	•
	N.A.1.25 five position phase				
	Single special phase contrast				
	Single special phase contrast				
	Single special phase contrast				
Power	90V-240Vwide voltage 6V/20W halogen bulb (built in) Variable control adjustment	٠	•	•	•
	Blue filter(ϕ 32	•	•	•	•
Accessory	Spare bulb	•	•	•	•
	Replacement fuse	•	•	•	•
Dark field	Dry dark filed condenser				
condenser	Oil dark field condenser				
Polarizing	Polarizer(\$ 32)				
-	Analyzer				
set	Rotating stage (center)				

MRJ Biological Microscope Configuration drawing



7. Specification

7-1 MRJ Biological Microscope general specifications

Optical	Achromatic Optical system		
Head	Binocular, 30°inclined. Trinocular, 30°inclined. 45° Dual Binocular head		
Eyepiece	10X eyepiece, line field of view 18mm		
Nosepiece	Reversed quadruple nosepiece		
Objective Achromatic objective(4X、10X、40X、100X) Plan objective(4X, 10X, 40X, 100X) (not included) Plan objective(4X, 10X, 40X, 100X) (not included) Focus Coaxial coarse & fine focusing system with limit-stopper and tension adjustment range: 20mm. Fine focusing precision: 0.002mm Stage Mechanical stage 140x135mm; moving range 75mmx50mm; built in low position adjustment, left and right hand for option.			
		Condenser	N.A.1.25 achromatic condenserN.A.1.25 five position phase contrast condenser (not included)N.A. 0.9 dry dark field condenser (not included)N.A. 1.25 oil dark field condenser (not included)
		Illumination $90 \sim 240V$ wide voltage. Built-in Koehler illuminator system. $6V/20W$ h Pre-centered, a continuous adjustment of brightness.	

7-2 Parameter of objective

		Numerical	Working	Conjugate	Parfocal	Thickness of
Туре	Magnification	aperture	distance	distance	distance	the cover
		(N.A.)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	glass
	4x	0.1	17.912	195	45	0.17
Plan objective	10x	0.25	2.043	195	45	0.17
Plan objective	40x	0.65	0.65	195	45	0.17
	100x	1.25	0.16	195	45	0.17
	4x	0.1	17.912	195	45	0.17
Dian objective	10x	0.25	2.043	195	45	0.17
Plan objective	40x	0.65	0.65	195	45	0.17
	100x	1.25	0.16	195	45	0.17

8. Trouble shooting

left.

left.

Symptom	Cause	Remedy			
Optics					
(1)The lamp is bright,	Field diaphragm is not large enough.	Enlarge the field diaphragm.			
but the light in the field of view is not	Condenser is too low.	Adjust the condenser.			
bright enough.	Condenser is not centered.	Center the condenser.			
(2)The side of the	The nosepiece is not in the right position.	Turn the nosepiece into the right position.			
field of view is dark or not even.	Stain or dust has accumulated on the condenser, objective, eyepieces, and base lens.	Clean the lens.			
	Condenser adjustment needed (see step 3-7)	Center the condenser.			
(3)Stain or dust is	Stains have accumulated on the specimen.	Clean the specimen.			
observed in the field of view.	Stains have accumulated on the lens.	Clean the lens.			
	No cover glass on the specimen slide.	Add the cover glass.			
	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thickness 0.17mm.			
	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.			
	The immersion oil has accumulated on the dry objective.	Clean thoroughly.			
(4)Unclear image	The immersion oil is not used for oil objective 100XR.	Use immersion oil.			
(.) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Air bubble in the immersion.	Get rid of the air bubble.			
	Use wrong immersion oil.	Use correct one.			
	The aperture is not opened correctly.	Adjust the iris diaphragm.			
	Stain or dust has accumulated on the lens in the inlet of the head.	Clean the lens.			
	The condenser is not in the right position.	Adjust the condenser.			
(5)One side of the	The specimen slide is not fixed.	Fix with clips.			
field of view is dark or the image moves	The nosepiece is not in the right position.	Turn the nosepiece into the right position.			
while focusing.	Condenser is centered incorrectly.	Center the condenser.			
(6) The eyes feel tired easily. The right field	Interpupillary distance is wrong.	Adjust the interpupillary distance			
of view doesn't	Diopter adjustment is wrong.	Adjust the diopter.			
superpose with the left.	The eyepiece for the right is different from the	Use the same eyepieces.			

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8. Trouble shooting

Symptom	Cause	Remedy				
Mechanics						
(1)Can not get the	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.				
objective focused.	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thickness 0.17mm.				
(2) The objective touches the cover	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.				
glass while turning the nosepiece.	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thickness 0.17mm.				
(3)Coarse focusing knob is too tight.	Tension knob is too tight.	Loosen a little.				
(4)Stage declines itself and can't stay in the focus plane.	Tension knob is too loose.	Tighten a little.				
(5)Coarse focusing knob can't rise.	The limit stop knob is locked.	Loosen the knob.				
(6)Coarse focusing knob can't decline.	The base of the condenser is too low.	Raise the base.				
(7)Can not move the	The slide is not fixed correctly.	Adjust it correctly.				
slide smoothly.	The movable specimen holder is not fixed properly.	Adjust it correctly.				
(8)The image moves obviously when touching the stage.	The stage is fastened incorrectly.	Fasten the stage correctly.				
Electrical						
	No power supply.	Check the connection of the power cable.				
(1)The bulb does not work.	The bulb is not inserted correctly.	Insert it correctly.				
	The bulb burnt out.	Replace it.				
(2)The bulb burnt out usually.	Use a wrong bulb.	Replace with a correct one.				
(3)The field of view is	Use a wrong bulb.	Replace with a correct one.				
not bright enough.	The use of light adjustment knob is wrong.	Adjust correctly.				
(4)The bulb flickers	The bulb will burn out soon.	Replace with a new one.				
or the brightness is not stable.	The wire doesn't connect all right.	Connect correctly.				

MONOCULAR / TRINOCULAR / DUAL VIEW MICROSCOPE

Monocular - Can be fitted with a monocular for a economical price

Trinocular - The Trinocular head fits on the base in place of binocular head, third 10X eyepiece (**not included**) may be used or camera eyepiece (**sold separately**) can be inserted in the vertical tube for video monitor use or digital images with your computer. (Ask for **MA87** or **MA88**).

Dual View - MRJ microscopes may be adapted to function as a Dual View microscope with front and back viewing.



MRJ-01

MRJ-03D Warranty

MRJ-03T

The manufacturer warrants this instrument to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use for five years from the date of purchase (one year for electrical components). It does not cover damage resulting from abuse or misuse, repairs or alterations performed by other than authorized repair technicians, or damage occurring in transit. If you have questions concerning this product or warranty, contact the dealer from whom it was purchased. For warranty service, microscope should be well packed to avoid damage in transit, preferably in original box and packing. Include your complete return address and telephone number as well as a description of the difficulty, date and place of purchase, and ship to the address below. It will be repaired or replaced at no charge and returned. If misuse, alterations, accident or abnormal conditions of operation caused failure, an estimate for repairs will be provided for your approval prior to work being performed.

(8/3)

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